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# An interim key to the Western Australian species of *Hibbertia* (Dilleniaceae)

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### Abstract

Wheeler, J.R. An interim key to the Western Australian species of *Hibbertia* (Dilleniaceae). *Nuytsia* 15(2): 311–320 (2004). A key is presented to the Western Australian species of *Hibbertia* following the formal recognition of numerous new species in recent years.

# Introduction

Following a series of papers on the taxonomy of the genus *Hibbertia* Andr. and the publication of many new species and infraspecific taxa (Toelken & Wheeler 2002, Wheeler 2000 a–b, 2002 a–e, 2004 a–c), existing keys to the genus by Bentham (1863) and Grieve (1998) have become out of date. An interim key is provided here prior to the 'Flora of Australia' treatment of the family that is still some years away.

Several taxa in the key are referred to only by informal phrase names or are annotated as being variants. Other taxa belong to complexes which are as yet unresolved. *Hibbertia exasperata*, *Hibbertia rostellata*, *Hibbertia nutans* and *Hibbertia uncinata* belong to such an unresolved complex and are all referred to in this key as *Hibbertia exasperata* group.

## Key to the genus Hibbertia in Western Australia

- **1.** Stamens all on one side of 2 carpels (sometimes some staminodes occur opposite the stamens)
- 2. Flowers in a several-flowered spike

| 3. | Sepals, bracts and young leaves glabrous or with minute stellate      |                |
|----|---|----------------|
|    | and hooked hairs  | H. spicata     |
| 3. | Sepals, bracts and young leaves with fairly long coarse simple hairs, |                |
|    | sometimes also with underlying minute stellate hairs                  |                |
| 4. | Hairs white. Stamens few (8–10) in few rows                           | H. polystachya |
| 4. | Hairs brownish. Stamens many (28–43) in several rows                  |                |
|    | (Kimberley region only)   | H. ledifolia   |
| 2. | Flowers solitary or clustered in the leaf axils                       |                |
| 5. | Flowers stalked   |                |
|    |   |                |

6. Carpels hairy or scaly

| <b>6.</b> Separs with scales of scale-like stenate nairs   |                      |
|--|----------------------|
| 9. Leaf with recurved spiny tip  | H. eatoniae          |
| 9. Leaf with straight spiny tip  |                      |
| <b>10.</b> Flowers 8–15 mm diam. Upper leaf  |                      |
| surface smooth H. lepidocaly   | x subsp. lepidocalyx |
| <b>10.</b> Flowers 15–25 mm diam. Upper leaf   |                      |
| surface tuberculate H. lepidocaly  | x subsp. tuberculata |
| <b>8.</b> Sepals glabrous or with hairs, not scales  |                      |
| 11. Leaf tip recurved. Carpels 4-ovulate   | H. ancistrophylla    |
| <b>11.</b> Leaf tip straight, not recurved. Carpels 2-ovulate  |                      |
| 12. Sepals spine-tipped. Plant usually erect   |                      |
| <b>13.</b> Sepals with dense minute stellate hairs (sometimes also   |                      |
| hooked hairs). Leaves not usually spreading as far as  |                      |
| 90 degrees to the stem   |                      |
| 14. Midrib of leaf unusually enlarged on lower surface and   |                      |
| protruding beyond leaf surface. Peduncle up to 4 mm long.  |                      |
| Outer sepals with mucro to 4 mm long   |                      |
| 15. Young branchiets densely woolly. Stamens 5. Sepais   | II                   |
| 15 Voung bronghlate with tiny stallate being. Stemping 5, 8  | H. mucronata         |
| <b>15.</b> Young branchiels with tiny stellate nairs. Stamens 5–8.   | II homuloco          |
| 14 Midrib of leaf not unusually enlarged Peduncle 6, 15 mm los   | <b>п. пашиюза</b>    |
| <b>14.</b> Midillo of real not unusually emarged. Fedulicle 0–15 million<br>Senals with mucro up to 0.5 mm long                  | ig.<br>U turlovono   |
| 13 Sepals appearing glabrous but with very sparse and very   |                      |
| <b>15.</b> Separa appearing gradious but with very sparse and very minute stellate or semi-stellate hairs. Leaves very rigid and |                      |
| usually at 90 degrees to the stem  | H ulicifolia         |
| 12 Senals obtuse to acute not or scarcely spine-tipped Often a   | 11. uncirona         |
| small cushion-like plant   | H acerosa            |
| Leaves not strongly pungent but sometimes with a short mucro or  | 11. acci osa         |
| a blunt or hair-like point   |                      |
| 16 Leaf tip recurved   |                      |
| 17. Leaf thick linear much longer than wide erect or spreading   |                      |
| with tightly revolute margins  |                      |
| <b>18.</b> Senals glabrous or almost so sometimes with sparse minute   |                      |
| stellate hairs midrib of senal not or only slightly pronounced   |                      |
| <b>19</b> Leaves with straight hairs or hooked hairs   | H. avonensis         |
| <b>19.</b> Leaves glabrous or almost so, or with occasional stellate hairs   |                      |
| 20. Apparent margin of leaf somewhat acute surface sparsely  |                      |
| tuberculate, anex distinctly recurved  |                      |
| <b>21.</b> Leaf 8–25 mm long   | H. lineata           |
| <b>21.</b> Leaf 2.5–12 mm long   | H. recurvifolia      |
| <b>20.</b> Apparent leaf margin rounded, surface very minutely   |                      |
| papillose, apex not or only slightly recurved  | H. papillata         |
| 18. Sepals densely stellate-hairy and with pronounced midrib   |                      |
| 17. Leaf ovate, very thick, almost as wide as long, downturned   |                      |
| with tightly revolute margins  | H. microphylla       |
| with uging is clare magnes   | /                    |

22. Leaves glabrous or the upper surface glabrous or glabrescent

312

| <ul> <li>23. Leaves 13–55 mm long, slender, lacking a terminal point. Stamens 17–25, staminodes several in a row outside the fertile stamens.(Kimberley region only)</li> <li>23. Leaves 1.5–12 mm long, with a blunt terminal point. Stamens abou sometimes with a few staminodes each side of the fertile stamens</li> <li>24. Senals glabrous</li> </ul> | <b>H. hooglandii</b><br>nt 10, |
|---|--------------------------------|
| <ul> <li>25. Carpels 3 or 4-ovulate. Bracts broadly ovate and cordate. Leaf margins revolute to a sunken midrib. Staminodes present</li> <li>25. Carpels 2-ovulate. Bracts parrowly oblong to linear or subulate.</li> </ul>  | H. stenophylla                 |
| Leaf margins revolute to a swollen midrib. Staminodes absent  | H. gracilipes                  |
| 24. Sepals hairy, often minutely so   |                                |
| <b>26.</b> Sepals with minute stellate hairs. Upper leaf surface glabrous.  | II. nonillata                  |
| Carpels 2-ovulate   | H. papillata                   |
| surface with very occasional hooked hairs when young.   |                                |
| Carpels 4-ovulate   | H. ancistrotricha              |
| <b>22.</b> Leaves with stellate and/or simple hairs, sometimes with hooked hai  | rs                             |
| 27. Stellate hairs absent, or if present very few   |                                |
| <b>28.</b> Flower stalks single   |                                |
| 29. Carpels 2-ovulate. Staminodes often present, 2 or 3 each side of  | the                            |
| fertile stamens. Sepals glabrous or with simple, straight or uncir  | nate hairs                     |
| <b>30.</b> Sepals glabrous or with a few appressed hairs. Bract below   |                                |
| flower ovate to broadly ovate   | H. avonensis                   |
| <b>30.</b> Separs with uncinate and straight hairs. Bract below   | II diamagaganag                |
| 10 Corpole 4 ovulate Staminodes absent Sanals with  | H. diamesogenos                |
| uncipate and stellate bairs   | H ancistrotricha               |
| <b>28.</b> Flower stalks in a dense cluster arising from a cluster of leaves  | H. sp. tathra                  |
| 27. Stellate hairs present, dense but often minute and also often   |                                |
| with longer simple hairs  |                                |
| <b>31.</b> Leaves flat, elliptic to obovate   |                                |
| <b>32.</b> Leaves with long simple hairs as well as minute stellate hairs   |                                |
| on undersurface   | H. silvestris                  |
| <b>32.</b> Leaves with stellate hairs and scales only <b>H. hypericoides</b>  | s (northern variant)           |
| <b>31.</b> Leaves with slightly to strongly recurved margins  |                                |
| appearing linear or narrowly oblong   |                                |
| 33. All sepals with prominent midrib  | H. verrucosa                   |
| 33. Sepais, at least inner ones without a very prominent midrib   | H hyporicoidos                 |
| <b>34.</b> Leaves $0-25$ mm long  | H furfuracea                   |
| 6. Carpels glabrous   | II. Iuriuracca                 |
| <b>35.</b> Flower stalks up to 10 mm long, usually straight. Styles 2–3 mm long.  |                                |
| Leaf midrib swollen and protruding on lower surface   | H. psilocarpa                  |
| <b>35.</b> Flower stalks 10-25 mm long, greatly recurved, more or less sigmoid.   |                                |
| Styles 4-5 mm long. Leaf midrib not swollen   | . H. andrewsiana               |
| 5. Flowers sessile or sub-sessile   |                                |
| <b>36.</b> Carpels hairy  |                                |

36. Carpels hairy37. Leaf apex more or less obtuse

5.

| <b>38.</b> Leaves with sparse but conspicuously long spreading hairs.   |                    |
|---|--------------------|
| Sepais more or less glabrous  | H. sp. Mt. Lesueur |
| <b>38.</b> Leaves glabrous or with short more or less appressed hairs.  |                    |
| Sepais glabrous or with short appressed hairs   | II                 |
| <b>39.</b> Leaves and also sometimes sepals with short hairs  | H. crassifolia     |
| <b>39.</b> Leaves and sepals glabrous or with minute stellate to semi-stellate  | hairs              |
| 40. Bracts narrowly ovate. Carpels 2-ovulate  | H. aurea           |
| 40. Bracts broadly ovate and cordate. Carpels 3 or 4-ovulate  | H. stenophylla     |
| 37. Leaf apex prominently acute or pungent  |                    |
| <b>41.</b> Young branchlets woolly. Fertile stamens 5, staminodes absent  |                    |
| or 5-20 outside the stamens   |                    |
| 42. Stamens 5, staminodes absent  | H. mucronata       |
| <b>42.</b> Fertile stamens 5, staminodes 5–20 outside the stamens   | H. charlesii       |
| <b>41.</b> Young branchlets not woolly. Fertile stamens 8–11, staminodes  |                    |
| absent or a few each side of the stamens  |                    |
| <b>43.</b> Midrib of lower leaf surface enlarged, prominent and protruding  |                    |
| beyond level of the revolute leaf margins   |                    |
| <b>44.</b> Leaf apex straight or almost so. Carpels 4(5)-ovulate  | H. carinata        |
| 44. Leaf apex strongly recurved. Carpels usually 2-ovulate  | H. ancistrophylla  |
| <b>43.</b> Midrib of lower leaf surface not unusually enlarged, level with  |                    |
| or sunken below the level of the revolute leaf margins  |                    |
| <b>45.</b> Sepals with simple hairs   |                    |
| <b>46.</b> Sepals pilose with long hairs  | H. axillibarba     |
| <b>46.</b> Sepals very densely hairy with silky hairs   | H. pachyphylla     |
| <b>45.</b> Sepals almost glabrous, sometimes with minute stellate hairs   |                    |
| <b>47.</b> Leaves very thick, almost cylindric 4–12 mm long, tip rounded  |                    |
| but with a short hard spine. Sepals 4–7 mm long   | H. stowardii       |
| 47. Leaves flat or compressed with recurved margins, mostly   |                    |
| 10–25 mm long and gradually tapered at the tip, acute to  |                    |
| mucronate. Sepals 6–9 mm long   | H. aurea           |
| <b>36.</b> Carpels glabrous   | <b>TT</b> 19 (1    |
| <b>48.</b> Midrib of leaf not or scarcely enlarged. Bract linear. Carpels 2-ovulat  | e H. oligantha     |
| <b>48.</b> Midrib of leaf distinctly enlarged. Bract ovate. Carpels 3–8-ovulate   | H. psilocarpa      |
| 1. Stamens all around the $(2)3-5(15)$ carpels  |                    |
| 49. Inflorescence branched and apparently leafless  | H. conspicua       |
| <b>49.</b> Flowers solitary or clustered in the leaf axils  | 1                  |
| 50. Stamens apparently free or almost so, sometimes fused into a ring at the  | very base          |
| 51. Flowers stalked   |                    |
| <b>52.</b> Carpels 2 or 3 <b>52.</b> Carpels 2 or 3 <b>53.</b> $(2 - 4) = (2 - 4$ |                    |
| <b>53.</b> Carpels 3, glabrous. (South-west and Pilbara regions)  | TT :               |
| 54. Leaves and sepais softly nairy  | H. Inconspicua     |
| 54. Leaves and sepais glabrous  |                    |
| 55. Leaves siender, 0.5–5 mm wide and tapered at base, not surround   | ing the stem       |
| <b>50.</b> Flowers orange or yellow. Stamens 10–15. Leaves linear,  | II stallaria       |
| 1 J-23 IIIII 1011g  | stenaris           |
| elliptic 40, 70 mm long   | H glabarring       |
| 55 Leaves 5, 15 mm wide oblong not topered at base but  | 11. graver mila    |
| surrounding the stem  | H nymphose         |
| surrounding the stern.  | III. nympnaea      |

1.

| 53. Carpels 2 or 3, covered with tiny scales. (Kimberley region)                     |
|--|
| <b>57.</b> Carpels 3. Sepals scaly, the margin fringed with pale or dark hairs       |
| <b>57.</b> Carpels 2. Sepals scaly, sometimes fringed                                |
| 58. Leaves folded lengthwise   |
| <b>58.</b> Leaves flat   |
| 59. Low shrub with indumentum of fringed scales                                      |
| <b>59.</b> Shrub to 2m with indumentum of soft stellate hairs                        |
| <b>52.</b> Carpels (4)5, or 10–15  |
| 60. Carpels glabrous   |
| <b>61.</b> Leaves thin, flat, not spine-tipped                                       |
| <b>62.</b> Leaves silky, silvery, narrow, tapered towards the base.                  |
| Flowers often clustered  |
| <b>62.</b> Leaves glabrous, green, broad, or if narrow then stem-clasping            |
| at base. Flowers usually single  |
| 63. Leaves perfoliate (ie leaf completely surrounding stem)                          |
| 63. Leaves amplexicaul (stem-clasping at their base)                                 |
| 64. Leaves broadly elliptic to circular  |
| <b>64.</b> Leaves ovate or very narrowly ovate to linear                             |
| 65. Leaves very narrowly ovate to linear   |
| 65. Leaves ovate to narrowly ovate   |
| 61. Leaves thick with recurved margins, spine-tipped H. exasperata group             |
| <b>60.</b> Carpels hairy   |
| 66. Carpels 5–15 (usually 10). Leaves with 5–10 pairs of teeth.                      |
| Bract one, narrow  |
| 66. Carpels (4)5. Leaves entire or with 1–3 pairs of teeth. Bracts                   |
| several, dark, broad and papery  |
| 67. Erect to sprawling plant. Leaves narrowly oblong, densely                        |
| hairy with spreading hairs, margin entire or with very occasional                    |
| teeth. Flowers 20–35 mm in diameter H. montana                                       |
| 67. Sprawling plant. Leaves obovate to elliptic, with dense tiny                     |
| erect hairs and a few longer spreading hairs, margin with 1-3 pairs                  |
| of teeth. Flowers 40-65 mm in diameter long-stalked H. lasiopus                      |
| <b>51.</b> Flowers sessile or almost so  |
| 68. Carpels glabrous   |
| <b>69.</b> Carpels 5   |
| 70. Leaf tip pungent H. exasperata group   |
| 70. Leaf not pungent H. lividula   |
| <b>69.</b> Carpels (2)3  |
| 71. Sepals glabrous or almost so, but sometimes margin ciliolate                     |
| 72. Stamens numerous, more than 30. Leaves with long straight hairs                  |
| <b>72.</b> Stamens 10–20. Leaves glabrous or with short curled hairs                 |
| 73. Leaves with curled white hairs   |
| <b>73.</b> Leaves glabrous   |
| 74. Leaves thin, flat, ovate to elliptic, narrowly obovate or                        |
| narrowly oblong, 6–15 mm long. Flowers sessile                                       |
| 75. Leaves dimorphic, basal leaves much longer                                       |
| and narrower than the ovate to elliptic  |
| floral leaves  |
| <b>75.</b> Leaves all similar in size and shape, narrowly obovate to narrowly oblong |

| 76. Sepals apiculate. Leaves narrowly obovate H. glomerata subsp. wandoo                        |
|---|
| 76. Sepals obtuse. Leaves narrowly oblong H. glomerata subsp. darlingensis                      |
| 74. Leaves thick with margin revolute to the midrib, narrowly                                   |
| oblong. Flowers on very short stalks <b>H. glabriuscula</b>                                     |
| 71. Sepals hairy  |
| 77. Hairs on calyx golden brown H. drummondii   |
| 77. Hairs on calyx white to grey  |
| <b>78.</b> Leaves 2–6 mm long, thick, with margin revolute to the midrib <b>H. glabriuscula</b> |
| <b>78.</b> Leaves 5–50 mm long, thin, flat  |
| <b>79.</b> Leaves entire  |
| 80. Leaves silvery H. argentea  |
| <b>80.</b> Leaves green to bluish green or grey-green   |
| 81. Hairs on sepals dense, appressed H. commutata   |
| 81. Hairs on sepals few and strong, spreading, conspicuous H. pilosa                            |
| <b>79.</b> Leaves toothed   |
| 82. Leaves with only 1–3 teeth each side H. pilosa  |
| <b>82.</b> Leaves with several teeth each side  |
| 83. Teeth of leaves serrate H. serrata  |
| 83. Teeth of leaves crenate H. serrata (Darling Range variant)                                  |
| 68. Carpels hairy   |
| 84. Leaves spine-tipped. Carpels stellate-hairy, 6–10-ovulate.                                  |
| Bracts inconspicuous, leaf-like   |
| 85. Leaves straight, 10–20 mm long. Sepals 12–16 mm long.                                       |
| Carpels (2)3 with (8)10 ovules H. graniticola   |
| <b>85.</b> Leaves curved, 4–8 mm long. Sepals 5–9 mm long.                                      |
| Carpels 2 with 6–8 ovules   |
| 84. Leaves obtuse to acute, not spine-tipped. Carpels with simple hairs,                        |
| 2-ovulate. Bracts conspicuous, black and papery   |
| <b>86.</b> Flowers orange   |
| 87. Petals broad. Anthers yellow or black, obovate, more  |
| than 0.5 mm wide. Carpels 5   |
| 87. Petals distinctly narrowed at base. Anthers yellow, linear,                                 |
| less than 0.5 mm wide. Carpels 3 H. selkii  |
| <b>86.</b> Flowers yellow   |
| 88. Flowers sessile. Leaves obovate to elliptic, sometimes narrowly so. Carpels 3-5             |
| <b>89.</b> Carpels 3 or 4. Sepals with very closely appressed hairs.                            |
| Flowers 15–25 mm across H. ovata  |
| <b>89.</b> Carpels 5. Sepals with more or less appressed hairs. Flowers 30–65 mm across         |
| 90. Leaves narrowly elliptic to elliptic  |
| 90. Leaves obovate-elliptic   |
| <b>88.</b> Some flowers at least shortly stalked particularly in fruit. Leaves                  |
| oblong. Carpels 4 or 5  |
| <b>50.</b> Stamens fused into fascicles, occasionally also with a few single stamens            |
| 91. Carpels 3   |
| <b>92.</b> Flowers on slender stalks  |
| <b>93.</b> Leaves flat or with somewhat recurved margins  |
| <b>94.</b> Erect or weeping shrub 0.5–1.5 m high Leaves with                                    |
| short curled hairs <b>H</b> racemosa (Dongara variant)  |
| 94. Prostrate or sprawling shrub. Leaves glabrous or with straight hairs H. racemosa            |
|   |

316

| <b>93.</b> Leaves sub-terete, glabrous   |
|--|
| 92. Flowers sessile or almost so   |
| <b>95.</b> Leaf surface glabrous or almost so margins conspicuously fringed in <i>H</i> vaginata |
| <b>96.</b> Bracts conspicuous, broad, often fairly rigid or chartaceous                          |
| 97. Apex of sepals acute   |
| 97. Anex of senals obtuse to emarginate  |
| <b>98.</b> Leaves terete to semi-terete, tipped by tiny curled hairs                             |
| <b>98.</b> Leaves flat, glabrous   |
| <b>99.</b> Stamens 2.5–4 mm long, anthers oblong to elliptic and apiculate <b>H. chartacea</b>   |
| <b>99.</b> Stamens 1.5–2.5 mm long, anthers oblong to obovate and obtuse to truncate             |
| <b>100.</b> Bracts more or less circular, 2–3 mm wide, obtuse or                                 |
| apiculate H. pulchra var. pulchra  |
| <b>100</b> . Bracts ovate to elliptic, 1–1.3 mm wide, more                                       |
| or less acute  |
| <b>96.</b> Bracts inconspicuous, not rigid or chartaceous  |
| <b>101.</b> Leaf margins closely revolute to midrib so that lower                                |
| leaf surface appears 2-grooved, the leaf tip recurved  |
| <b>102.</b> Leaves linear and straight   |
| <b>102.</b> Leaves very narrowly triangular, and somewhat sigmoid                                |
| <b>101.</b> Leaves terete, thick with somewhat recurved margins or flat.                         |
| but not with margins revolute to midrib  |
| <b>103.</b> Leaves flat or flattened, not terete   |
| <b>104.</b> Floral and stem leaves different, stem leaves narrow;                                |
| floral leaves broader ovate to elliptic  |
| <b>105.</b> Leaf margins long-fringed. Floral leaves 15–20 mm long.                              |
| Flowers 15–30 mm in diameter H. vaginata   |
| <b>105.</b> Leaf margins entire or very minutely ciliolate.                                      |
| Floral leaves 3.5–10 mm long. Flowers  |
| 8–15 mm in diameter H. glomerata subsp. ginginensis  |
| <b>104.</b> Floral and stem leaves all similar, narrow   |
| <b>106.</b> Stamens 15–20. Sepals and leaf bases usually   |
| conspicuously fringed H. sp. Warradage   |
| <b>106.</b> Stamens 8–12. Sepals and leaf bases glabrous   |
| <b>107.</b> Leaves dilated and somewhat stem-clasping at base,                                   |
| narrowly oblong to linear H. subvaginata   |
| 107. Leaves not dilated at base not or scarcely stem-clasping,                                   |
| oblong to narrowly oblong  |
| <b>108.</b> Leaves oblong to elliptic, thin, truncate, often with minutely                       |
| recurved centre, midrib not enlarged and blade broad   |
| 109. Leaves oblong to oblong-elliptic H. glomerata subsp. darlingensis                           |
| <b>109.</b> Leaves ovate to elliptic, occasionally with  |
| elongated basal leaves H. glomerata subsp. ginginensis   |
| <b>108.</b> Leaves linear, thick, apex obtuse, lower   |
| surface with much enlarged midrib and with   |
| very narrow blade H. pulchra var. crassinervia   |
| <b>103.</b> Leaves slender, more or less terete, usually tapered towards tip                     |
| 110. Sepals obtuse or with very small soft point   |
| 111. Leaves 3–12 mm long. Staminal filaments of fascicles,                                       |
| fused for two-thirds their length H. hemignosta  |

| fused for up to half their length H. hibbertioides var. meridionalis                                       |
|--|
| 110. Sepals with conspicuous soft awn-like tip H. hibbertioides var. hibbertioides                         |
| 95. Leaves hairy, at least towards the base, not glabrous  |
| with a conspicuously fringed margin  |
| 112. Sepals glabrous or with sparse hairs only   |
| 113. Bracts inconspicuous. Sepals obtuse to subacute   |
| 114. Leaves alternate, not clustered, oblong-elliptic H. priceana  |
| <b>114.</b> Leaves clustered, linear   |
| 115. Anthers narrowly oblong, 1–2 mm long. Sepals obtuse H. desmophylla                                    |
| <b>115.</b> Anthers narrowly obovate, 0.7–0.8 mm long. Sepals  |
| obtuse to sub-acute H. helianthemoides   |
| <b>113.</b> Bracts conspicuous. Sepals acute   |
| 116. Leaves with a short blunt mucro. Bracts narrowly triangular H. fitzgeraldensis                        |
| 116. Leaves obtuse. Bracts broadly elliptic, rigid H. notibractea  |
| <b>112.</b> Sepals with dense silky hairs  |
| <b>117.</b> Leaves flat or only very slightly recurved margins. Stamens                                    |
| 11 in 3 fascicles each of 3 stamens and 2 single stamens H. trichocalyx                                    |
| <b>117.</b> Leaves with recurved margins. Stamens 25–30 in 5 fascicles                                     |
| each of 4–6 stamens H. sp. Gnangara  |
| <b>91.</b> Carpels 5   |
| 118. Leaves spine-tipped H. exasperata group   |
| <b>118.</b> Leaves not spine-tipped, sometimes with a soft point   |
| <b>119.</b> Leaves flat or with slightly recurved margins  |
| <b>120.</b> Sepals glabrous  |
| <b>121.</b> Leaves broad, obovate to elliptic, 20–30 mm long, entire or                                    |
|  |
| distantly and shallowly toothed. Stamens 15–25. Bracts   |
| distantly and shallowly toothed. Stamens 15–25. Bracts<br>absent or inconspicuous                          |
| distantly and shallowly toothed. Stamens 15–25. Bracts<br>absent or inconspicuous                          |
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Nuytsia Vol. 15, No. 2 (2004)

320